Requirements Modeling and Analysis in OO

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Requirements Model

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Requirements Model

Requirements Modeling

- Requirements errors are one of the causes leading failings in software projects.
- Careful requirements modeling along with systematic validation helps to reduce the uncertainty about target systems.
- The goal of requirements validation is to construct the consistent requirements for the needs of target users.

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Requirements Model

Requirements Modeling

However, this process is complicated, and it can be hard to produce a correct and complete requirements specification. The complexity is due to the following interrelated attributes:

- 1) the complexity of application domains and business processes
- 2) the uncertainty of clients and domain experts about their needs
- 3) the lack of the understanding of system developers about application domains
- 4) the difficulties of the understanding between system developers and clients

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Requirements Model

Requirements Modeling

The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a de facto standard for requirements modeling and system design. For requirements modeling and analysis, UML provides

- Use case diagram
- System sequence diagram
- Contract of system opeartion
- Conceptual Class diagram

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Requirements Model

Requirements Model in UML



3. Contracts of System Operations

2. System Sequence Diagrams

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Requirements Model

Requirements Model in UML



4. Conceptual Class Diagram

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Use Case Diagram

- A use case diagram captures domain processes as use cases in terms of interactions between the system and its users.
- It helps customers and domain experts specify functional requirements of the target system.

Use Case Diagram

It contains:

- a set of use cases for a system
- the actors represented a type of users of the system or external systems that the system interacts with
- the relations between the actors and these use cases, and relations among use cases.

Use Case Diagram - CoCoME



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System Sequence Diagram

- A system sequence diagram describes a particular domain process of a use case.
- It contains the actors that interact with the system, the system and the system events that the actors generate, their order, and inter-system events.
- It helps customers to find system operations and provides the sequences to interact with the prototype for requirements validation.

System Sequence Diagram



System Sequence Diagrams vs Sequence Diagram

Compared with the sequence diagram in design models, a system sequence diagram

- treats all systems as a black box
- contains system events across the system boundary between actors and systems
- without object lifelines and internal interactions between objects.

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Contract of System Operation

The contract of a system operation specifies the conditions:

- that the state of the system is assumed to satisfy before the execution of the system operation, called the *pre-condition* of the system operation
- the system state is required to satisfy after the execution (if it terminated), called the *post-condition* of the system operation

Contract of System Operation

Typically,

- the pre-condition specifies the properties of the system state that need to be checked when system operation is to be executed,
- the post-condition defines the possible changes that the execution of the system operation is to realize.

System State in OO

- A state of an object-oriented system is about the existing objects together with their properties/states and relations/links.
- The state is an object diagram defined by a conceptual class diagram plus the input and returns parameters of the operations.

System State in OO

The changes of system states are classified into

- i) new objects created (together with initial values of attributes and links of associations),
- ii) attributes of existing objects (in the current state) modified,
- iii) new links among existing objects formed, and iv) existing objects and/or links are removed.

Contract of System Operation

```
//Signature
Contract CoCoMEProcessSale::enterItem
  (barcode : String, quantity : Real) : Boolean {
  //Definition Section
  definition:
    //Find Object
    item:Item = Item.allInstance()->any(i:Item | i.Barcode = barcode)
```

```
//Pre-condition Section
precondition:
    currentSale.oclIsUndefined() = false and
    currentSale.IsComplete = false and
    item.oclIsUndefined() = false and
    item.StockNumber > 0
```

//Post-condition Section

Contract of System Operation

```
postcondition:
   //Create an Object
   let sli:SalesLineItem in
   sli.oclIsNew() and
   //Add Links
   self.currentSaleLine = sli and
   sli.BelongedSale = currentSale and
   currentSale.ContainedSalesLine->includes(sli) and
   sli.BelongedItem = item and
   //Modify Attributes
   sli.Quantity = quantity and
   sli.Subamount = item.Price * quantity and
   item.StockNumber = item.StockNumber@pre - quantity and
   //Add an Object
   SalesLineItem.allInstance()->includes(sli) and
   result = true
}
```

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Conceptual Class Diagram

- A conceptual class diagram is a concept-relation model, which illustrates abstract and meaningful concepts and their relations in the problem domain.
- The domain concepts are specified as classes, the relations of the concepts are specified as the associations between the classes, and the properties of the concepts are specified as the attributes of the classes.

Conceptual Class Diagram



4. Conceptual Class Diagram

Conceptual Class Diagram vs Class Diagram

Compared with the class diagram in design models,

- a conceptual class diagram does not contain operations in the classes.
- It focuses on specifying the domain concepts but not for how to encapsulate operations.

Case Studies

- ATM Automated Teller Machine
- CoCoME Supermarket System
- LibMS Library Management System
- LoanPS Loan Processing System

RM2PT



Conclusion

The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a de facto standard for requirements modeling and analysis. It provides

- Use case diagram
- System sequence diagram
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